Sufficiency Economy Philosophy (SEP): Application in agriculture and sustainable development

Asst. Prof. Dr. Suwanna Sayruamyat

Department of Agricultural and Resource Economics,

Faculty of Economics, Kasetsart University

Bangkok, Thailand

27 August 2024









Outline of Presentation

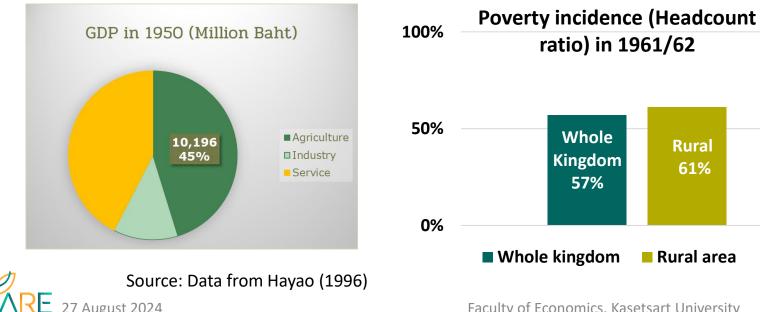
- Past Development in the context of Thailand
- What is Sufficiency Economy?
- Components of Sufficiency Economy Philosophy
- Applications of SEP
- Conclusion





Thailand's Past Development

- Agriculture was the main engine of growth (1950-70)
- Majority of people lived in a rural area whose income is mainly from the agricultural sector
- Poverty rate is concentrated in rural area



2024 Thailand in Facts and **Figures**

- By figures of GDP in monetary value, Thailand is no longer an agricultural country. It is now the service-based economy.
- But, by facts of people and resource endowment, the country still depends on land, residence, labor and quality of life from the agricultural and rural sectors.
- The key potential of the country is lied mainly upon
 - 1) cultural environment
 - 2) economic location
 - 3) agricultural fertility
 - diversified tourism 4)



Sustainable Development: What the whole world is searching for..?

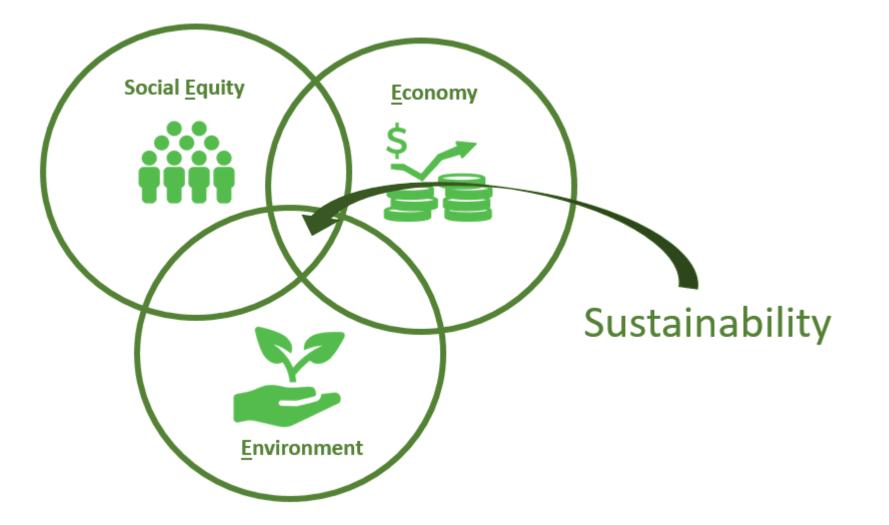
"Treats the earth well. It does not belong to you by your parents. It is loaned to you by your children."

Kenya proverb long time ago...





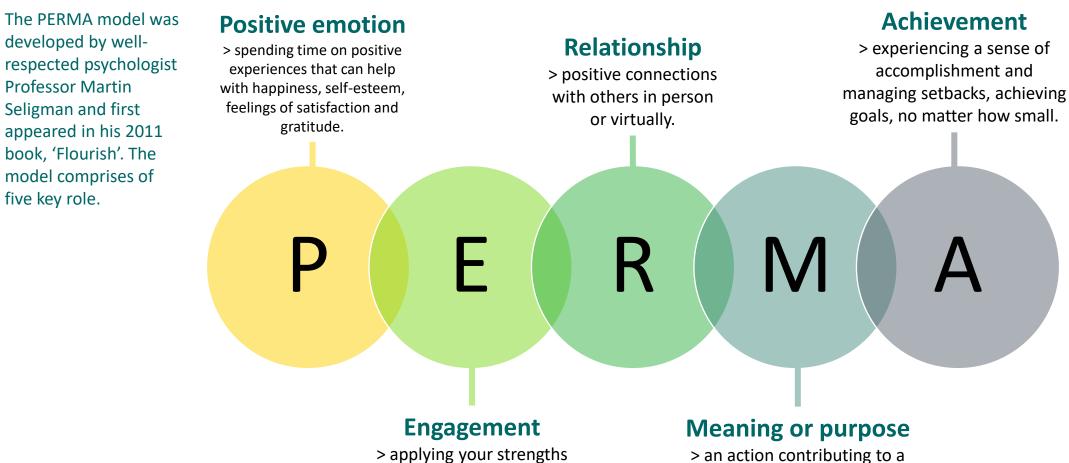
Sustainable development







Well-being matter



to a task and allowing

yourself to become

immersed.

 > an action contributing to a larger goal or something outside of yourself e.g.
 community, family, friends





The Late King's speech in 1974: viable option for grassroot development

- Rural visits to witness the poverty
- H.M.'s Development work experiences: comprehensive understanding of development problems



Image was copied from The Office of The Royal Development Projects Board





This speech introduced SEP

"National development must be carried out **step by step**, starting with laying the foundation to ensure that the majority of people have enough to live on and live for as the basic step, using economical yet theoretically sound methods and equipment. When the bases are securely established, higher levels of economic growth and development should be promoted"

- **'enough to live on and live for'** is the key word of Sufficiency Economy.
- 'Step by step' development (Moderation)
- building a 'strong foundation' before higher level of development.
- Not to promote growth-oriented but **for better income distribution (pro-poor approach)**
- cheap material inputs available (Moderation)
- method must be theoretical sound (Reasonableness)
- **'appropriate technology'**, technology must work well and not too expensive (the poor cannot afford expensive, raw materials and technology)





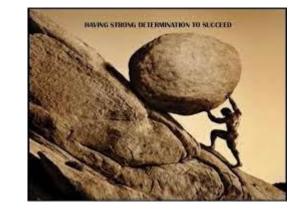
Implicit Issue from the speech

Key factors for a successful development among unfavorable environments

1. must acquire **knowledge**

2. Have strong determination to overcome obstacles









August 2024

Past Thai development focused on economic growth. However, income inequality remained high.

- The GDP growth came at the expense of the resource depletion.
 - It raised rural environmental problems deforestation, forest encroachment, soil erosion, flooding & water shortage
- Economic stability was not achieved.
- Thailand had high rate of inflation, unsustained current account deficit and had excessive foreign debt.
- Unsustainable growth caused Thailand to have financial crisis in July 1997
 - Major economic crisis occurred in Thailand in 1997 from over foreign debt and local non-performing loan
 - Situation expanded to the regional Asian countries known
 "Shrimp Soup Crisis"
 - Restructured in constitution, finance, economy, education and mindset of Thai people



	1993	1995
Forestry Area/Total Area (%)	26.02	25.62
CO ₂ (Thousand Ton)	112,098	141,750
Garbage (Mil.Ton)	11.1	12.6

10

H.M's speech on December 4, 1997:

the beginning of the official concept of Sufficiency Economy



"Being a tiger is not important. The important thing is for us to have a sufficient economy. A sufficient economy means to have enough to support ourselves"



individual, farmers, business (small, medium, large), and country as a whole.

Misconception	SEP Concept
SEP can only be applied to the agricultural or rural sectors	SEP can be extended to include other areas.
SEP cannot generate "profit" and is not opposed to "competition"	SEP focuses on long-term profit consideration, help a business to grow in long term , paying attention to all stakeholders and managing risks
the SEP is not opposed to "growth" nor does it promote "isolation".	SEP is to move a country forward in the long- term, a policy maker needs to take into account stable growth, equity and sustainability.



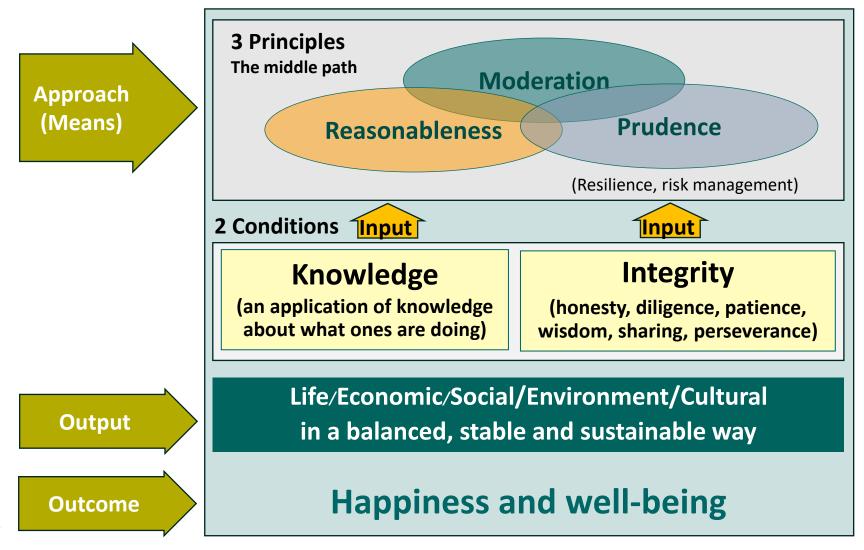


What is Sufficiency Economy (SE)?

SE is **an approach** to

reach an ultimate goal of happiness

- SE is a philosophy as
 - a way of doing (method)
 - a way of thinking and
 - way of living.
- Its ultimate goal is to gain happiness and well-being



Source: Puntasen (2015), Presentation on An application of Sufficiency Economy Philosophy for Developing Countries 27 August 2024



SE composes of three important principles

Moderation

Understand Optimization of an individual, farm, family or community

Reasonableness

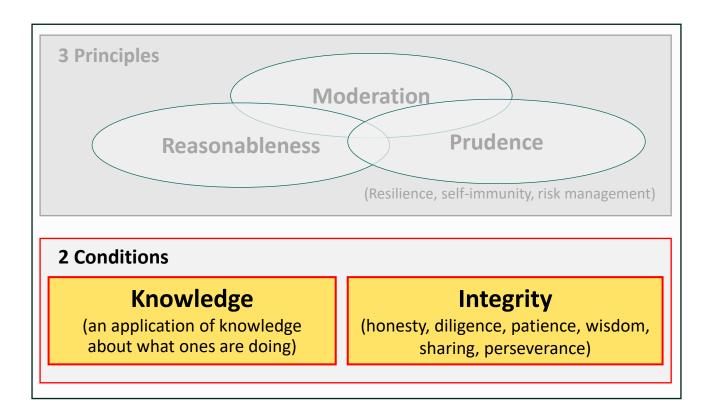
Know the Potential, skill and Comparative Advantage of the person, farmland, organization or community

Prudence

Construct the Risk Management System to avoid or reduce the loss from uncontrollable factors. Also often considered as the management with Prudence or Resilience.



Decisions & activities must be carried out at a sufficient level depending on 2 conditions



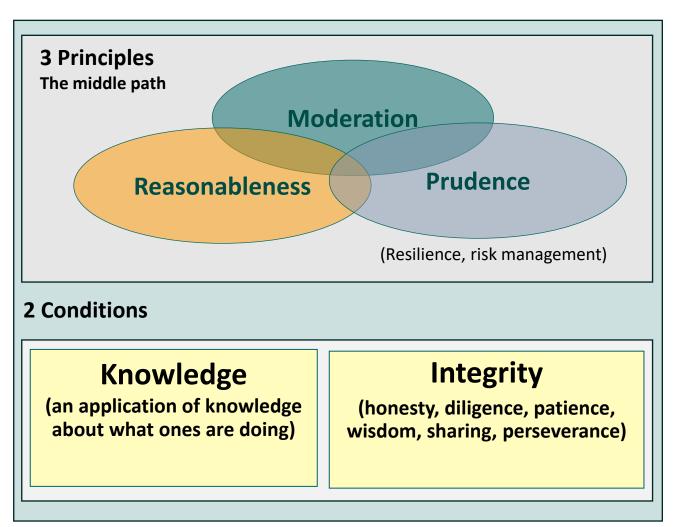
Knowledge Condition: Always be careful and prudent, open-minded, scientific, information based

Integrity condition:

Belief in goodness, ethics and virtues, honesty, sincerity, control in greed



3 Targets of SEP



3 Targets

1) Balance

 Optimization in all action leads to balance target

2) Stability

• Reasonableness in all decisionmaking leads to stability target

3) Sustainability

• Self immunity system for all risk management leads to sustainability target



Summary: What is SE?

"Sufficiency" means moderation, awareness of causal relationship, and the need of or resilience for sufficient protection from impact arising from internal and external shocks. To achieve this, an **application of knowledge with due consideration and prudence** is essential. Great care is needed in the utilization of theories and methodologies for planning and implementation in every step.

At the same time, it is essential to strengthen the **ethical integrity**, so everyone, adheres first and foremost to the principles of honesty and integrity. In addition, **a way of life based on patience**, **perseverance**, **diligence**, **wisdom and prudence** is indispensable to create <u>balance</u> and be able to cope appropriately with critical challenge arising from extensive and <u>rapid socioeconomic</u>, <u>environmental and cultural changes</u> in the world.



Why SEP is recommended for Thailand and other developing countries?

- SEP is a development approach to compromise among extreme dualities in the developing countries; attitude, income, property, consumption, production etc.
- SEP is the "philosophy on the middle path", so can be applied to all ways of life and sectors - poor, rich, farmers, industries, services etc.
- Thailand can be a good example of country with extreme duality resulted from capitalism system, so the country needs to consider more on the middle path development.

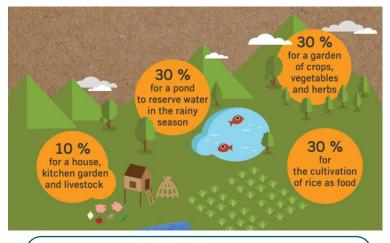


- **"Economy of Scale and Scope"** from large capital will help increase the price and decrease the cost while competing with the small capital
- Free market system will therefore result in more comparative advantage to the larger scale and less to the small scale.
- Capitalism society will focus on the short run profit rather than the long run benefit
- Extreme capitalism will lead to extreme duality in the society!





Application of SEP to Agriculture sector



 Self-sustaining agricultural landscape

1st stage

Household level

2nd stage Community level

 Working together as group/cooperatives



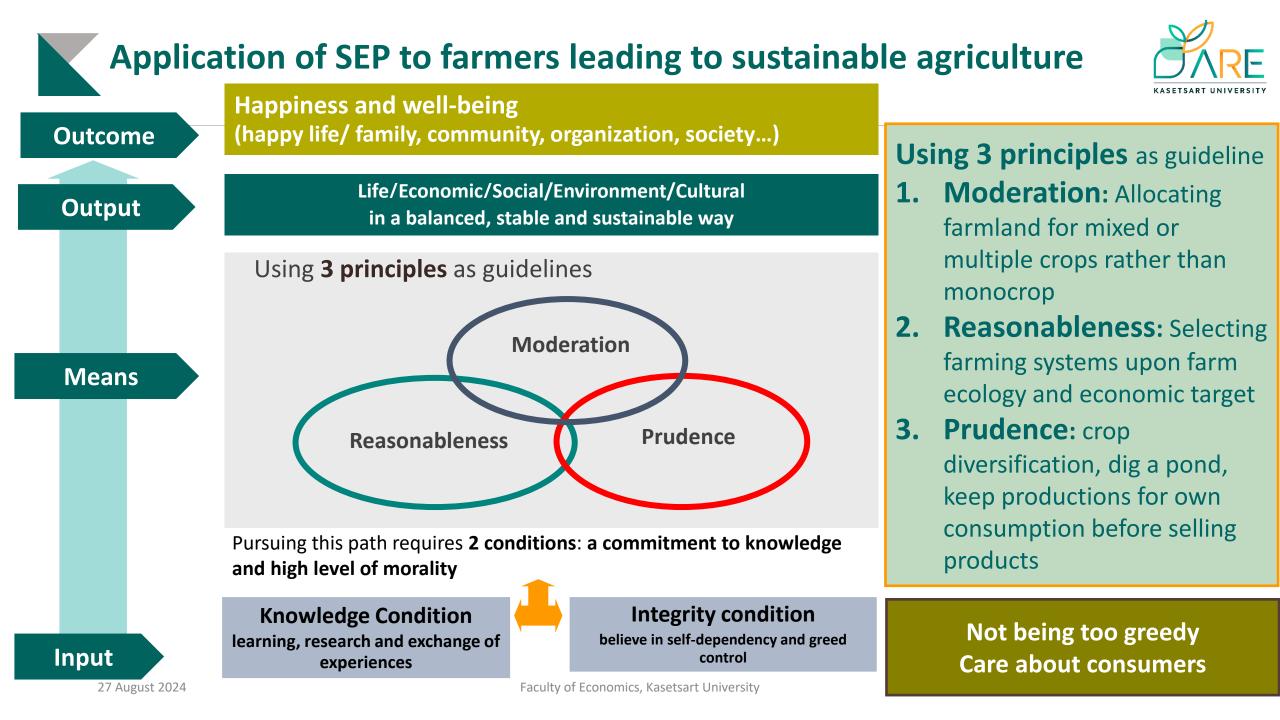


 Expand production process & commerce

3rd stage

Developed communities



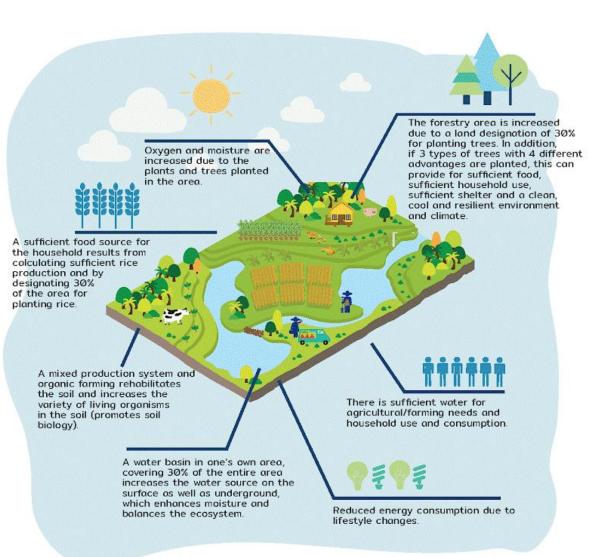


21

Two main issues of sustainable agriculture

1. Water Scarcity of Small-Scale Farmers

- Small scale farms in rain-fed areas always lack water supply in the drought season.
- SEP suggest the New Theory Agriculture for farming with allocating farmland into
 - 1) pond
 - 2) food crops
 - 3) commercial crops
 - 4) accommodation
- The recommended land proportion can be 30%: 30%: 30%: 10%, or flexible due to each farm ecology.
- Farm stability also implies household stability and community stability in rural areas.





Two main issues of sustainable agriculture (cont.)

• 2. External Impacts from Agriculture

• "Externalities" from farm production in terms of social and environmental impacts need to be considered, not ignored.

- Both negative impacts (i.e. water and air pollution, soil erosion, chemical residue, health coat) and positive impacts (i.e. oxygen, recreation, tourism, food security, food safety, health benefit, social synergy) are equally important.
- SA will consider these impacts in the Holistic Approach.
 - Physically feasible- farming system suitable with farm ecology with water scarcity
 - Economically viable- profitable production worth farm investment
 - Environmentally sound- positive impacts greater than negative impacts from farm
 - Socially accepted- individual and community support farms and products 27 August 2024





Bio-Circular-Green economy Model

A new model called BCG has been conceptualized to underpin Thailand policy as a strategy to drive the economic and social development. BCG is an integration of bioeconomy, circular economy and green economy

Bioeconomy

Involves the production of renewable biological resources and the conversion of these resources into value added products



Circular economy

Aims at reusing and recycling resources





Green economy

Determines to keep economy, society and the environment in balance, leading to sustainable development



Timeline





- 1. Create awareness and understanding about the BCG economy
- 2. Gathering and create national databases such as biodiversity databases, cultural diversity database, tourist attraction.
- 3. Gathering Success Cases as case study
- 4. Setting and develop law and regulation
- 5. Develop infrastructure and capacity building
- 6. Start Quick Win project
- Develop policy related to BCG e.g.
 Single-Use Plastics, reduce chemical and antibiotic use in plant and animal and project bottom up
- 8. Develop ecosystem by financial supporting and Importing specialists from abroad

- 1. Develop Quick Win project
- 2. Expand project area
- 3. Develop new product and service
- 4. Create / develop innovative entrepreneurs
- 5. Push target product and services to the market
- 6. Develop a domestic market for BCG products and services.
- 7. Initiate the new industrial
- 8. Drive proposals based on policies related to BCG.

2026-2027

Phase

- Push target product and services to the International market
- 2. Expand sustainable consumption and production systems
- 3. Encourage Thailand as key player in setting standard for BCG product and service globally
- 4. Investment for frontier infrastructure



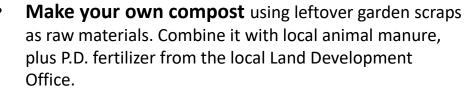


SEP and BCG economy at the farm level



Using **Biological Control** to eliminate coconut black-headed caterpillar in Aromatic Farm and network gardens. The parasitic hornet Braconhibitor has been used.





27 August 2024







Faculty of Economics, Kasetsart University



Source: https://www.facebook.com/aromatic.farm 25

SEP and BCG economy at the farm level



KU

(ASETSAR1

Azolla and duckweed are green manure for trees and feed.

The team works on the farm during non-production hours. They helped to pull up other weeds so that we could have a cover crop in the coconut plot. In addition to this, Aromatic Farm maintains a consistent watering system to ensure consistent humidity, and restoring and nourishing the soil with biochar from the Aromatic Farm BCG line can enhance the soil's strength.



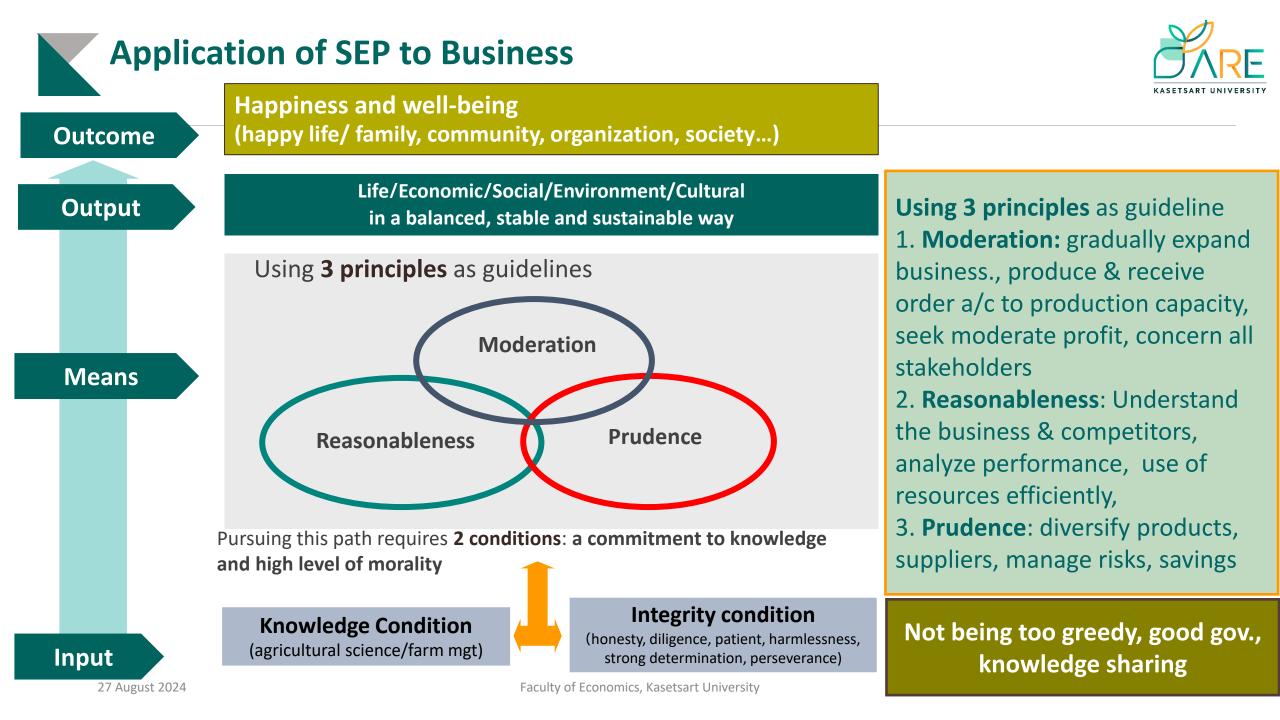


Intercrop: Pandan leaf

Ground cover plants

Stingless Bee produce honey and pollinate





SEP Application for Small and Medium Enterprise





"Aromatic Farm believes that the circle that fits you. Selfbalance comes from ourselves around us. SEP will guide everyone who adheres to it. Be a good person enough to do business well enough for our country."

> Nuanla-or Dherdkiattikun Aromatic fram owner

SEP is used to maintain oneself and maintain a business. These three farmer friends are the best examples of Aromatic Farm.



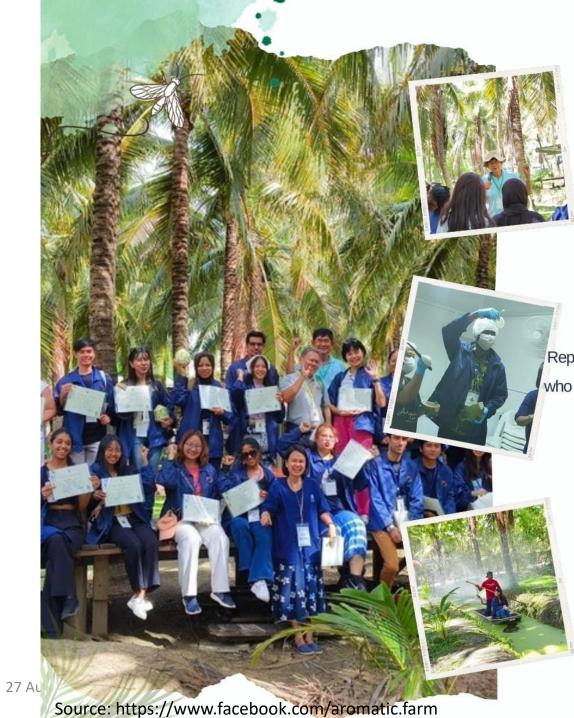








Source: https://www.facebook.com/aromatic.farm28







Thank you all participants from The International Youth Representatives in Experiencing The Sufficiency Economy Philosophy 2024 who visit and learning " Aromatic Farm with Regenerative Coconut Agriculture Practice and Bio-Circular-Green Strategy "

> Aromatic Farm Academy 07 JULY 2024

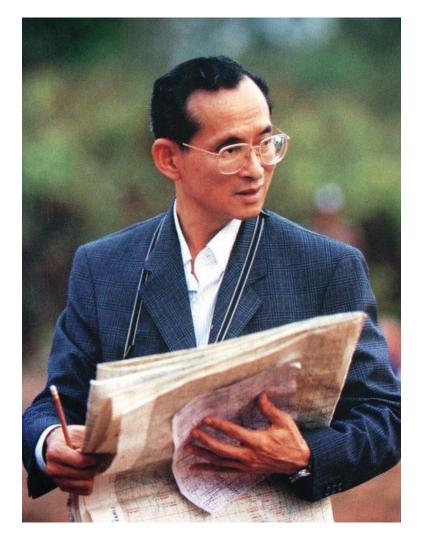


FB : Aromatic Farm Line OA : @aromaticfarm Website : www.aromaticfarm.com Tel : 061-123-9815

29



Steps towards Rural development projects



Three steps towards rural development





Steps towards Rural development projects

1. Understanding:

Understand the basic facts, i.e. history, geography, culture and social life. Determine the problems and needs of the community, which relies on talking to the local people and researching, collecting data in the field. This process develops a conformity and mutual understanding

2. Being with community

To reach the hearts of community and feel the suffering of communities experiencing problems and a sense of shared suffering. This leads to compassion, thoughtfulness and realization solutions together. The solutions must based on the community value and dignity of equality, respecting the way of life, community culture and faith. With compassionate, this step would lead to collecting intelligence, principles, and knowledge for apply appropriate and sufficient community development.



Steps towards Rural development projects

3. Development:

The development will base on management principles such as the budget, manpower, knowledge, and appropriate technology, cultures and beliefs. The development shall solve problems and make the community happy and sustainable prosperity. The development is not only physical development, but also education and knowledge and morals of society with community involvement according democratic principal.









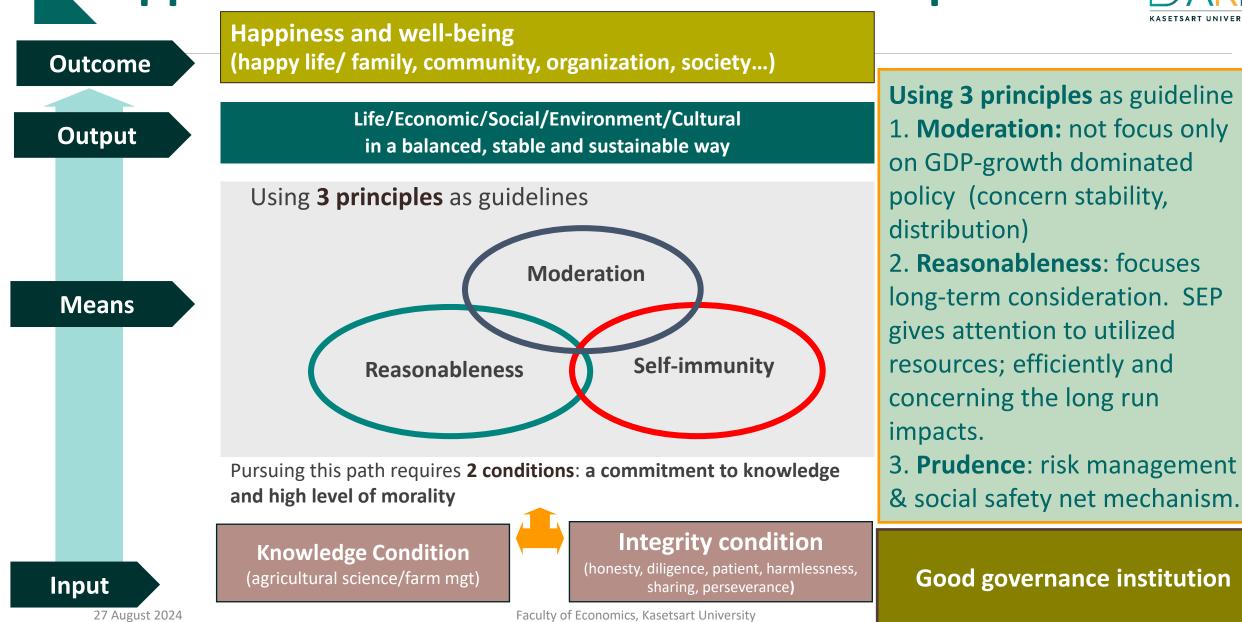
Langkasuka Model



https://thaipublica.org/2022/07/egat-lungkasuka-model-native-ad07/

Application of SEP to National development





Learning Together: The Key to Understand and Practice SEP

- ✓ SEP is not written text to read, write and remember.
- SEP is to understand, exchange and practice.
- Both conceptual understanding and practical application are both equally important.
- No better lessons to learn from, other than learning from experiences





KU



Suggestions from Application of the SEP

- Content of the philosophy needs the **open**minded thinking and understanding.
- **2. Wrong interpretation** of the philosophy might cause inappropriate application.
- 3. Development path must be balanced
 - Objectives of national economic development should be economic growth, stability, equity, efficiency/productivity & sustainability,
- SEP philosophy is to be practiced, so learning from reality and sharing experiences are important for effective application.





Suggestions from Application of the SEP (cont.)

5. Conduct must be reasonable.

- SEP focuses long-term consideration.
- SEP gives attention to future generation capability to utilized resources.
- Green Investment and productivity improvement are needed to make up for depleting natural resources.

6. Resilience must be contemplated.

- This implied growth with caution and designing tools to cope with the worse case scenario. It highlights the importance of risk management and social safety net mechanism.
- 7. According to SEP, policy makers, academicians and businessmen must perform with knowledge and honesty.
 - This requires institutions for good governance in public and private sector.



Conclusion: Key Words from the SEP to Sustainable Development

1. Resources-based: SEP is flexible due to local resources, culture, people wisdom and comparative advantage of person or group.

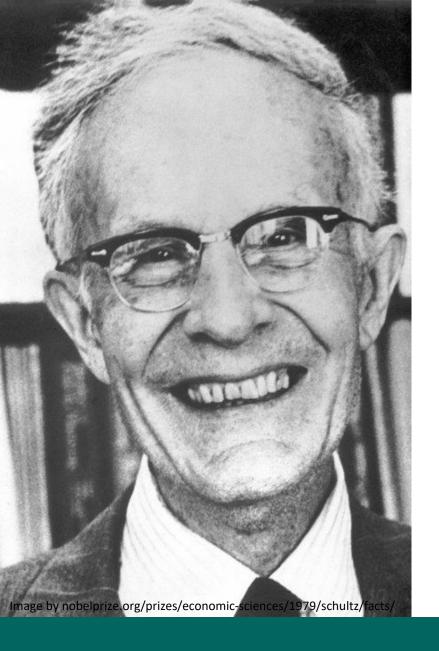
2. People-centered: people are the main factors of sustainable development under SEP.

3. Inside-out development approach: SEP support the act firstly from the people up, not from the government policy down.

4. Learning process: people's common understanding about SEP is the heart of development success and sustainability.









40

"...There are many unsolved problems in this world and, unfortunately, most of them are with farmers. So, if we would know anything about agriculture, we could solve the problems of the world. The problems are still not solved today not because they are too difficult but because we just do not know agriculture well enough..."

> Theodore Schultz 1979 Nobel Prize winner





Sufficiency for Sustainability

Sufficiency Economy Philosophy for Sustainable Development Goals



Faculty of Economics, Kasetsart University https://thailand.opendevelopmentmekong.net/topics/sustainable-development-goals/





